BRITONS ARE

NO WAR SCARE OR EXCITEMENT IN ENGLISH POLITICAL CIRCLES.

Nothing to Indicate Strained Reintions with the United States, Except Newspaper Expressions.

NEW PHASE OF THE QUESTION

PROTECTIONISTS URGING A DUTY ON AMERICAN FOOD PRODUCTS.

Fears Expressed by a Canadian that "Lot-Headed" Yankees Will Make a Raid Across the Border.

ENTHUSIASM IN VENEZUELA

PEOPLE OF CARACAS STILL HOLD-ING PATRIOTIC MEETINGS,

Shouting "Down with England!" and Praising President Cleveland and the United States Republic.

(Copyrighted, 1895, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, Dec. 21 .- No excitement has been manifested here in political circles over the Venezuelan complications, although their effect has been felt on the Stock Exchange. There has been some unloading of American securities, but the Cabinet Ministers are all enjoying the Christmas holidays in the country, and, outside the utterances of the newspapers, there is nothing to indicate that war is apprehended. Of course, the strained relations mind, especially during the latter part of the week, and the matter, which was at first treated lightly, is now more deeply discussed, and there are indications that the gravity of the affair is now fully grasped by the people at large.

A striking fact is that, without a single exception, if the utterances of the press and those of the representative men who have spoken on the subject can be relied upon, the whole country stands solidly behind the Marquis of Salisbury, as the United States is understood to stand solidly behind President Cleveland. But, it should be added, it has been remarked in some quarters that the Marquis of Salisbury might very well have omitted the passage in his reply to the note of Secretary Olney which has been looked upon as questioning Secretary Olney's interpretation of the principle of the Monroe doctrine. Public opinion here, in spite of any statements to the contrary, certainly supports the general idea of the Monroe doctrine. It is not the doctrine itself which is resented in Great Britain, but claim is made that it does not apply to the Venezuelan dispute as it stands. This seems to be the whole of the British contention and as, according to cabled reports published here, there is some such belief in the United States, it is confidently expected in the best informed quarters that an amicable arrangement will be arrived at which will avert further financial between the two great English-speaking nations of the earth.

PROTECTION URGED. In addition to the financial disorder which has been the first feature of the trouble there is one phase of the reception of the war scare here which deserves especial attention, not only in England, but in the United States. The alarming reports circulated by the agricultural party have been seized on as a justification for the demands which they have recently made on the government for a change in the policy of Great Britain from free trade to protection, Mr. James Lowther, M. P., leader of the protection party, indicates this in a pointed letter printed in the Times and showing the grave if her food supplies from America were stopped. Mr. Lowther points out that 50 per cent. of the British food imports come from the United States, and he, therefore, asks that British agriculture be protected, in order to make this country as independent as possible of American food supplies.

Fears are expressed that the war scare will materially assist this agitation for protection against American food imports, although the Statist (newspaper) to-day gives utterance to a grave warning to the public duties on wheat. In spite of such warning, however, there is little doubt that the agitation here in favor of protection has been and will be further greatly strengthened by the bellicose utterances on both sides of the Atlantic, and, with a strong Conservative government in office, it is thought that some measure for the protection and fostering of British husbandry is not unlikely to be in-

A CANADIAN'S FEARS. General Lawrie, formerly a member of the Canadian House of Commons, who arrived in London during the early part of the week, said during the course of an interview on the sensational report in circulation that while he firmly believed that President Cleveland's message to Congress on the Venezuelan qustion was only an "electioneering kite," it must be recognized that there is a very large amoun of "inflammable material in the United applied a match and which, at any moment, might get beyond his control." Continuing, General Lawrie remarked: "There is, therefore, a very serious risk of certain hotheads on the frontier attacking what they cordially hated-the British flag. So far as Canada is concerned the chief danger lies in a small party of these jingoes

is no prospect of any concerted action in Armenia at present. A Constantiwell informed throughout the crisis writes regarding the Sultan's triumph at the difficulty Great Britain is now placed in and says that neither England nor any other power has yet done anything to save the 60,000 Armenians who are now facing the diternative of starvation or conversion to ammedism. The Sultan, the correspondent says, is confident and exulting and has never before been in such spirits. He impressed his visitors as being more clear-headed and logical in conversation than usual and more determined than ever to carry out his own plans. In fact, it is said that the Sultan is ten times stronger than he was six months ago and that he no longer fears the Turkish revolutionists, much less the powers. The speaker, commenting on the subject, says: "President Cleveland has done badly for the Christians of Armenia and exceedingly well for the murderers of the Yildis Kiosk."

NEWSPAPER COMMENT. question President Cleveland committed a big blunder, and has done America great injury. In the course of this article, and cit-ing President Cleveland's message on the financial situation, the Pall Mall Gazette "We think his expression, 'fatuous

perhaps, more blamesless themselves than the recklessness of the man who rebukes them. America is now taking a hand in the matter. The commission bill has passed but we doubt if the commission will ever re-

The St. James Gazette remarks: "If the conflict between nations commences when the effects of the strike begin to be felt, the effects of the strike begin to be felt, then the first round of the struggle between England and the United States, so unexpectedly forced by the President, has not been favorable to his own country. Whatever the future may bring, America has already suffered no contemptible part of the loss which might be expected to follow the serious disaster of war."

The Westminster Gazette expresses the opinion that "President Cleveland's second message most distinctly improves the situation. It is a change of scent at the most opportune moment, and we are likely to hear more about greenbacks than the Monroe doctrine for the next few days."

The Globe says: "President Cleveland's arrogant manifesto appears chiefly intended to promote his financial reforms, but now the effect is assuming larger and more dan-gerous dimensions than he anticipated. His message of yesterday was sent in an en-deavor to aliay the disquietude, and lest he be held ur to popular odium as the chief wrecker of American trade and industry."

EXCITEMENT IN VENEZUELA.

"Down with the English!"-"Long Live Cleveland and the U. S.!" NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- The World to-morrow will publish the following copyrighted cable from Caracas, Venezuela: The anti-English feeling is increasing here. Fresh flowers are placed daily on the statue of Washington and the American and Venezuelan flags are everywhere to be seen, either displayed side by side or entwined in significant embrace with the portraits of Washington and Monroe between.

Another mass meeting was held on the Plaza Bolivar this morning, at which were heard the cries: "Abajo los Engleses!" (Down with the English.) "Vivi Cleveland y los Estados Unidos." (Long live Cleveland and the United States.) A demonstration of all the citizens is planned to take place on Christmas day

under the auspices of the Simon Bolivar Club. Invitations have been given to the Club. Invitations have been given to the President of the republic, the Cabinet and clergy and the United States minister. The American residents of Caracas/will then return the honor paid to their Nation on the tributes offered to Washington by decorating the statue of Bolivar, the libera-

The patriotic society for the defense of Venezuelan territory has issued a protest against the pretension and aggressions of England. It also requests the Minister of | countermanding his original instructions to Foreign Affairs to remove the exequaturs | take his squadron to the West Indies. At | tinuance." Venezuelan citizens who are acting as British consuls in this country unless they resign immediately. In Laguayra the enthusiasm has led to the forming of battalions, ready for serv-

The honors paid to the American minis-ter continue. The archbishop and the clergy of Caracas called on him to-day to express their thanks and those of the people to the United States for the stand taken by Venezuela is sending diplomatic missions to every foreign country. The country ap-plauds the action of the government and the nation is united.

Sentiment of Mexicans. CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 21.-Mexican public sentiment is now beginning to manifest itself in regard to the attitude assumed by the United States in the Venezuelan case and newspapers generally take land. It is considered that his message is now growing stronger and stronger ev-ery year, which has expressed itself in land must retreat before energetic manife: force against the weaker nation: ple of public opinion. Mexicans still re-sent what they consider as English unjust occupation of Belize, which Mexican historians and statesmen have almost invariably held to be Mexican soil. press here has long opposed the granting of Belize to England in any formal way but it has been recognized that she could not be expelled by force and so the policy of silent protest has been adopted.

Chili Alone Is Silent. NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- A dispatch to the from Colon, Colombia, says: Dispatches from every South American republic except Chile applaud President Cleveinited States as the pater familias of the Western hemisphere. Argentine is exalting the successes of the Cuban patriots and a sword of honor has been purchased there to be presented to the insurgent General

SENTIMENT IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, Dec. 21 .- President Cleveland's

message to Congress on the boundary dis-

pute between Great Britain and Venezuela

Press Backing England for Selfish Interests, Not for Love. (Copyright, 1895, by the Associated Press.)

lropped like a thunderbolt upon Germany and immediately overshadowed all questions of domestic politics and the Armenian imbroglio. The almost general condemnation to love for England than to the conviction that the interests of Germany are also threatened. In political and even in government circles the attitude of the Marquis impressing Americans with the fact that Germany is backing England up in this dispute and to thus induce President Cleveland to abandon the position he has taken up be-fore serious trouble supervenes. Nobody, however, now expects that hostilities be-tween the two countries will break out and the financial aspect of the affair is taken much more seriously here. If the dispute between creat Britain and the United States was to grow very acute, it is thought here that the former country would endeavor to obtain a pronouncement on the part of the European governments President Cleveland's interpretation of the Monroe doctrine, for the success of Mr. Cleveland, it is thought, would have grave consequences in the future relations of European powers and the turbulent South American states. The latest news from America, however, is regarded as promising the refusal of the business men to inderse President Cleveland's attitude and all eyes are directed towards the de-

The Lokal Anzelger publishes an interview to-day with the British embassador to Germany, Sir Francis C. Lascelles, in the of which he is quoted as saying he course of which he is quoted as saying he did not anticipate any grave complications as a result of the Venezuelan complica-"But," he added, "in any case the of Parliament and the friendly powers, and a speedy return to the good relations which have existed between Great Britain and the United States might be expected.' The Venezuelan consul-general, E. Hahn-Echenagucia, in a second interview on the situation, is quoted as saying that Vene-zuela is prepared to resist Great Britain

Reichstag having adjourned until Jan. 9, no public expression of official opinion is pos-

ments of the financial crisis. The

to the death, and that a pacific settlement was out of the question. A Few Words from Gladstone. NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- Shortly after President's Cleveland's message on the Venezuelan question was given out, the Pulitzer, cabled Hon. William E. Gladstone at Hawarden, England, requesting an expression of his opinion concerning the controversy, adding: "A word of peace and fellowship from you to-day will aid to clamor, to soothe passion, to encourage sober thought, and to avert possible calamity. A reply has been received from Mr. not interfere in the existing controversy,

that only common sense was required in the settlement of the difficulty. French Sympathy with Us. PARIS, Dec. 21.-The Eclair to-day denies that French sympathies are with England in the Venezuelan dispute, saying that on the contrary they are with the United States, adding that if "England's power and prestige are lessened, nothing would be more to the advantage of

Italy Would Like to Be Arbiter. PARIS, Dec. 21.-It is rumored that Italy will extend to the United States and Great Britain an offer to arbitrate the Venezue-

financial operations, should have been 'fatuous political operations.' His message is
very beautiful, but it is not much use to
lates are sold by all grocers. Ask for Huythe men who failed yesterday. They were,
ler's and take no other.

HE PROMPTLY SIGNS THE VENEZUE-LAN COMMISSION BILL.

And Will Soon Name the Men Who Will Endeavor to Locate the Much-Discussed Boundary Line.

BY THE REPORT THAT VENEZUE-LA'S CLAIM IS FAULTY.

He Will Select Men of High Character and Ability for Commissioners and Abide by Their Decision.

EUROPE MAY BE VISITED

AND DOCUMENTS AT MADRID AND THE HAGUE EXAMINED.

No Preparations for War at the Government Departments - Patriotic Utterances of General Gordon.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 .- There was noticeable easier feeling to-day, a partial subsidence of war talk. Secretary the Navy Herbert took especial occasion to announce that the visit of Admiral Bunce to Washington was in no wise connected with the Venezuelan boundary question and that he had received no orders the gun factory all officers deny there are any unusual indications of activity and, in a word, every department of the administration-now that the Congress has laid the entire Venezuelan matter in the President's hands without any restrictionsbreathes deepest peace and amity. Mr. Cleveland has signed the boundary commission bill and his commissioners will probably be announced early next week. Rumor is still busy with the names of ex-President Harrison, ex-Senator Edmunds, Prof. Andrew D. White and ex-Minister

Conference at the White House. WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.-Although there were many callers at the White House today, the President declined to receive any one save three members of his Cabinet-Messrs. Olney, Carlisle and Herbert-each of whom spent some time with the President. Before he went to the White House Secretary Olney saw Senator Lodge and

presentatives McCreary, of Kentucky, Dinsmore, of Arkansas. There is every indication that the President will proceed immediately to the selection of the commission to locate the Venezuelan boundary line, for he signed the act at 3:25 o'clock this afternoon, and it is now a law. In view of the great importance of the work to be discharged by this commission, it is said the acter and ability. None of the names he has will they be until the President has been notified by the persons selected of their acceptance of the high commission. It is intimated, however, that in view of the fact that the work in some respects may be of a technical nature, there may be on the list the name of an army engineer officer or a naval officer. There is also a probability that it may be necessary for the commission to visit Madrid and The Hague, in orrecords of the Spanish and Dutch claims in-

herited by Great Britain and Venezuela. The State Department has been informed by some persons of repute who have made a study of the subject that there is good ground for the belief that on careful scrutiny the claim of Venezuela to the territory in dispute on the border will be found to be without solid foundation, and that the ommission will be obliged to find that Great Britain is in fact really entitled to the possession of the whole tract claimed by her and perhaps more territory. These representations, however, have not shaken the determination of the administration to proceed in the course it has laid down, for, Great Britain, there will be a practical demof our government in demanding a settlement of this great question on the sole pasis of absolute and exact justice.

FIRST BLOOD FOR UNCLE SAM. Traveling Men Get Into a Fight Over the Venezuelan Affair.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HAMMOND, Ind., Dec. 21 .- The first battle of the war between the United States and England on account of President Cleveland's message, occurred on an east-bound passenger train on the Nickle-plate railroad this afternoon, and, after a hard fight, resulted in a victory for Uncle Sam. The fight was between John Simpson, a subject of Queen Victoria, living in Toronto, Canada, and William Smithers, a traveling man for a Philadelphia dry goods house. The two men met in the train at Chicago and took seats in the smoking car. Soon after the train left the station they struck up a conversation, which finally turned on the subject of the message. Each man took up the side of his country, and the conversaa became more and more animated until it resulted in a fight. The other passengers crowded around the belligerents, but took no hand and when it terminated with a omplete victory for Smithers a cheer went up that could be heard far above the roar of the train. A telegram was sent ahead

while the doctor dressed the wounds of the Gordon Pledges Ex-Confederates.. CHICAGO, Dec. 21 .- Gen. John B. Gordon, of Georgia, spoke to-night in Central Music Hall upon "The First Days of the Confederacy" to a large audience. During his address General Gordon dwelt at some length upon the Monroe doctrine, and his who knows what war means,' said General Gordon, "will speak on this matter without deep thought and grave deiberation. However, as a representative of in-chief of the Confederate veterans, I con-sider myself safe in saying that if war should come again the boys who wore the gray, old as they are now, would come to the front once more and their old rebel yell would be heard beyond the Canadian borders."

for a physician, and when the train arrived

here it was delayed nearly half an hour

enthusiasm and it was many minutes before the cheering subsided sufficiently to allow the speaker to proceed. A large de-tachment of the First Illinois Infantry was in the audience and the members greeted General Gordon's patriotic utterances with

Six Battle Ships Proposed. WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.-The suggestion has been made to Secretary Herbert by the naval bureau chiefs that Congress be requested to immediately authorize the amendment of the last naval act so as to permit the department to contract for the building of six battle ships instead of the two provided for. It is urged that in view of the low figures of the bids received at the recent opening it would be greatly in the interest of economy to accept all of the bids, and, according to this plan, the Newport News company would be given the contract for two of the ships, the Union

two and the Cramps also a contract for two and the Cramps also a contract for two. All of the ships would be of the Kearsarge type, with double turrets and thirteen-inch guns. The cost of the six ships at the outside, and there is reason to believe that the bidders would still further scale down their figures, would be \$10,440.-000 exclusive of armor, whereas the last Congress fixed the limit of cost of but two ships, with armor, at \$8,000,000. The necessary armor would cost about three or four sary armor would cost about three or four millions additional. Secretary Herbert has the matter under consideration.

Powder Works Busy.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Dec. 21.-The powder works here are rapidly filling an order for 125,000 pounds of government powder, ordered a month ago. Government contracts PRESIDENT NOT DAUNTED are frequently filled at the works, but no order as large as the present one has ever been received for this time of year. Men are working day and night to fill the order. Whether this rush has anything to do with the war scare no one is prepared to say.
During the year many tests with big guns
under the supervision of naval officers have been made at the works. A smokeless pow-der plant has been put in and the works are prepared to turn out an immense quantity of powder at short notice in case war is declared.

English Officers Returning Home. NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- The Cunard steamship Campania, which sailed for Liverpool to-day, had in addition to her one hundred passengers in the saloon about an equal number of persons who had engaged passage on the St. Paul, of the American line, but who, owing to the explosion on the latter ship on Wednesday morning, were transferred to the Cunarder. It was regarded as a significant matter by those who pretend to know that a majority of the passengers on the Campania to-day were English army officers on leave, some of them with unexpired leaves of absence still to their credit. Among them were Captain J. F. Allen, Cap-Among them were Captain J. F. Allen, Captain W. G. Benditch, W. J. Earles, Captain

No War Spirit in These Messages. NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- The Produce Exchange was stirred from top to bottom today by the following telegram which President H. D. McCord received from the Baltic Grain Exchange, of London, and read to the crowd of brokers from the rostrum: "At the annual dinner of the Baltic Ex-change last night 'Yankee Doodle' was re-ceived with loud cheers and the health of the United States with three times three." A round of cheers greeted the message. President McCord sent the following reply: "When your cable was read in our exchange it was received with prolonged applause, showing that your good feeling is heartily reciprocated. We hope for its continuous "

Irishmen Still Anxious to Fight. NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- John P. Sutton, ecretary of the Irish National Alliance, grams since President Cleveland issued his message last Tuesday. At that time Suton behalf of the alliance, promised of a war with Great Britain. Among those behalf of the Irishmen of that city, promises at least a thousand trained The Anacondas, Butte City, have reported two hundred trained soldiers in readiness to join the Irish brigade of the alliance as soon as a call is issued.

Returned to San Francisco. SAN 'FRANCISCO, Dec. 21 .- The cruiser Philadelphia, which left here a month ago port and will remain here until further recently made in her engines and arma-ment, has returned after a satisfactory

England May Close Her Ports to Us. PEORIA, Ill., Dec. 31 .- P. H. Lowther, of this city, says: "An Englishman who is now here and who has been buying grain for a firm in his country, states that he has received a cablegram notifying him not ecause there is danger of England closing her ports to American products.

5.000 Cavalry Horses Offered. SPOKANE, Wash, Dec. 21.-C. smith, one of the largest stockmen in Lincoln county, to-day telegraphed President Cleveland that he would furnish the government 5,000 cavalry horses free of charge in case of war with England.

WHY THE POWERS HALT.

Gen. Lew Wallace Discusses the Sit-

uation in Turkey.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21.-The Commercial Gazette will to-morrow print an interview with Gen. Lew Wallace, late minister to Turkey, on the Eastern question. General Wallace says the real reason why the great powers of Europe hesitate in front believe will be unparalleled in history in menians would aid Russia and the result

The Mississippi Still Rising. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—The Mississippi is still on a rampagge, having risen 23.2 feet since Thursday evening, when the gauge for the twelve hours, ending 4 o'clock this afternoon. The sudden rise almost depopulated Little Oklahoma, the squatter set-There were formerly sixty families residing here, but the high water has driven more than half that numbber away. No business was transacted on the levee to-day. The wharfboats could not get near enough

would be to make Russia master of the

to the shore to allow teams to reach them. Murderous Masked Burglars. CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 21.—Three masked burglars visited the house of John Zigler, near Zoar's Station, O., last night. Their demand for money being refused, the burg-lars shot Zigler in the head and his wife in the abdomen. They then departed without any booty. Zigler will recover, but his wife may die.

New Episcopal Bishop. DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 21.—The Episcopal convention of the old diocese of Texas adourned to-night after adopting a constitution and electing Rt. Rev. A. C. Garrett bishop of the new Dallas diocese and appointing other officers.

Movements of Steamers. ROTTERDAM, Dec. 21 .- Arrived: Werkendam, from New York. NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- Arrived: Paris, GENOA, Dec. 21.-Arrived: Wilhelm, from

Mr. Riegger with Emil Wulschner Mr. Constantin Riegger, former manager for Smith & Nixon's piano house, has taken position with Messrs. Emil Wulschner & In this change Mr. Riegger goes back to old firm, having been connected with them for five years heretofore, and he also betters himself, as Wulschner's is one of the ldest and largest firms, having one of the finest warerooms and stock in the country. Mr. Riegger is one of our finest violinists and a good musician, hence is particularly well fitted for this position, being an acknowledged judge of a piano. He extends a cordial invitation to his many friends to visit him in his new quarters.

Skin Remedies Are Pure Sweet Gentle and Most Economical Because

Speedily Effective

You'll Get THE Best Returns;

For your money if you spend it at the

M.O.D.E.L

Christmas Sale of Clothing



Monday and Tuesday Only

Men's \$15 Clay Worsted Suits, in sacks and frocks, grey, Oxford, blue or brown, splendidly tailored, perfect fitters, only

\$10.98



Monday and Tuesday Only

Men's \$12 Chinchilla and heavy Frieze Ulsters, just what you need for the coming cold weather, cut extra long, made with deep collars, lined with heavy flannel or worsted,

\$7.98

PERHAPS THIS LIST WILL HELP YOU TO SELECT YOUR CHRISTMAS REMEMBRANCES

Smoking Jackets, \$5 to \$15

Neckwear, 250 10 \$1.50 Dressing Gowns, \$10 to \$12

Charms

\$14.25

December 20 to

AND RETURN.

TICKETS GOOD TEN DAYS.

- VIA -

Pennsylvania Lines

The shortest and most direct route through Louisville. For tickets and sleeping car space c ll at offices No. 48 W. Washington street, No. 46 Jackson Place Union Station, or address GEO. E. ROCKWELL, D. P. A.

VANDALIA LINE

- FOR -

EVANSVILLE, INDIANA.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING THROUGH

CARS-NO TRANSFER.

Leave Indianapolis 7:30 a. m., 8:10 a. m.

Local sleeping car starting from Indianapolis on 11:20 p. m. train daily, open to receive passengers 8:30 every night.

GEORGE E. ROCKWELL, D. P. A.

SAFE DEPOSITS.

Safe Deposit Vault.

Absolute safety against Fire and Burgiar. Finest

and only vault of the kind in the State. Policeman

day and night on guard. Designed for safe keeping of Money, Bonds, Wills, Deeds, Abstracts, Silver Plate

12:40 noon, 11:20 p. m. Arrive Evansville 2:30 p. m., 7:0

Assortment

Low Prices

98c Ladies' Solid Gold Rings. All sorts of sets.	Silver Novelties of all kinds. Souvenir Spoons, Sugar Tongs, Curling Irons.	Shaving Sets, Toilet Sets, Glove Boxes,	Tie Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Work Boxes.	\$1.50 Heavy Gold Band Rings, nicely chased.
Dress Gloves, 50c to \$10	Night Shirts, 50c to \$3	Dress Shirts, 50c to \$3	Full Dress Shields, handsomely made, \$2	Satin Suspenders, 50c to \$3
Collar and Cuff Boxes, Celluloid, Plush or Wood.	Fancy Perfume Bottles in Cases.	Watch Chains, \$1.19 Guaranteed six years.	Ladies' Chains, rolled plate, \$1.19 Guaranteed six years.	Watch Chains, 98c Warranted five years.
Silk and Linen Hankerchiefs 25c to \$1.50	Silk and Cashmere Mufflers, 25c to \$5	Plain and Fancy Hosiery 25c to \$2.75 a dozen.	Ladies' and Gents' Hose Supporters 25c to \$1.50	Watch Chains Beauties at 50c to \$10
Society	Umbrel	las and	Canes	Society

MODEL

\$1.50 to \$12

Ask for our Combination Sets at \$3.98 and \$5.

Engraving Free of Charge.

Open Every Evening Until Christmas.

The Maiden's Soliloquy

What shall I buy for father? What shall I buy for brother? What shall I buy for him Who's dearer than any other?

What's the Matter With

Emblems

69c

\$1.50

\$1.00 and

Cubanola

It's All Right!

Choice Sumatra Wrapper. Long Havana Filler. Best Workmanship.

For a welcome present to any one who likes a good cigar, you cannot go amiss if you buy

Cubanola

All first-class dealers in Indiana seil Cubanola. Put up fifty and one hundred in a box.

Cubanola is the best 5-cent cigar ever sold in Indiana.

lewels and valuable Trunks and Packages, etc. S. A. FLETCHER & CO., SAFE DEPOSIT. JOHN S. TARKINGTON, Manager.

WANTED-

Square Pianos in Exchange on New Uprights We are prepared to allow the best possible prices to those who have o d, second-hand or new Square Pianos, Organs or Melodeons, in exchange on Upright Pianos. Persons having such instruments should not fail to give us a call, or write us fully.

PEARSON'S MUSIC HOUSE, 84 N. Pennsylvania St., Indianapolis, Ind.

BRUG AND CHEM. CONF., Soie Props., Bottca, U.S. THE SUNDAY JOURNAL, BY MAIL, \$2 PER YEAL